INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION FOR STANDARDISATION ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11 CODING OF MOVING PICTURES AND AUDIO

ISO/IEC JTC1/SC29/WG11 MPEG2012/M29230 April 2013, Incheon (KR)

SourceTelecom ParisTechStatusFor consideration at the 104nd MPEG meetingTitleGPAC Updates on ISOBMFAuthorJean Le Feuvre, Cyril Concolato

1 Introduction

This contribution introduces some of the latest developments in GPAC [1], especially on the content production side. Comments and feedback are always warmly welcome !

2 HEVC Support

In the context of the 4Ever [2] project, support for HEVC has been added to GPAC according to the latest version of the latest HEVC specs and associated transport standards. The playback support is powered by the open-source OpenHEVC decoder [3]. The following are supported:

Multiplexing HEVC bitstreams into ISOBMF

All profiles should be supported, interlace is not supported yet. The support is based on the study text of HEVC file format.

Operation	Command line example	Notes
HEVC Import	MP4Box -add file.hvc -new file.mp4	Adds file.hvc (Annex B format) to the given file.
		The default import format uses "hvc1" storage.
	MP4Box -add file.bin:FMT=HEVC -new file.mp4	FMT is used to indicate the format is HEVC, and can be omitted if the file extension is hvc, hevc or 265
	MP4Box -add file.hvc:fps=50 -new file.mp4	FPS is by default 25, and should be specified most of the time as VUI timing is not yet parsed.
HEVC	MP4Box -info file.mp4	Gives info on the file or on

File inspection	MP4Box -info ID file.mp4	the track.
HEVC Export	MP4Box -raw <trackid> file.mp4</trackid>	Exports an HEVC file to annex B format.

HEVC DASH

All DASH operations from GPAC (client and MP4Box) are supported on HEVC, including bitstream switching modes using hev1. For more information on DASH and GPAC please refer to GPAC web site [1].

MPEG-2 TS support

All MPEG-2 TS operations from GPAC (client and MP42TS) are supported on HEVC. MP42TS can be used to generate TS files usable for DASH or for injection in modulation chains; it can also be used to send the TS over an UDP or RTP stream in unicast or multicast mode.

3 SVC Support

In the context of the OptiSaT2 [4] project, extended support for SVC has been added to GPAC. The playback support is powered by the open-source OpenSVC decoder [5]. The following are supported:

Splitting SVC layers into ISOBMF

SVC can now be imported in ISOBMF files with one track per layer, using Extractors to base layers. The syntax used is as follows:

Operation	Command lin	e example	Notes
SVC Import	MP4Box -add file.av new file.mp4	c:svcmode=split -	Adds file.avc (Annex B format) to the given file. Each SVC layer is stored in a given track. The same command can be used with an ISOBMF input to split an already imported file.
	MP4Box -add file.avc new file.mp4	:svcmode=merged -	Adds file.avc (Annex B format or ISOBMF) to the given file. All SVC layers are stored in a single track.
	MP4Box -add file.avc -new file.mp4	:svcmode=splitbase	Adds file.avc (Annex B format or ISOBMF) to the
			given file. All SVC layers are

	stored in a single track but the AVC base layer is stored in a different track.
--	---

MPEG-2 TS Encapsulation

SVC can now be imported in MPEG-2 TS one PID per layer, using ISOBMF files where each SVC tracks are in different layers. No specific option is required for the MP42TS utility.

RTP streaming and hinting Encapsulation

SVC files can now be hinted or streamed over RTP using MP4Box, with one RTP stream PID per layer, using ISOBMF source files where each SVC tracks are in different layers. No specific option is required for the MP4Boxutility.

Improved SVC Playback

Thanks to the OpenSVC decoder, all these SVC transport modes are now supported for playback in GPAC. Switching between layers is achieved using ctrl+h (for high) and ctrl+l (low). SVC Switching now implies shutting down the associated network streams (stops multicast socket or PID filtering).

SVC Future Work

We plan to introduce SVC in DASH support in both MP4Box and the player for the next MPEG meeting.

4 WebVTT Support

MP4Box now supports basic operations on WebVTT files according to the ISO/IEC 14496-30 DIS and ISO/IEC 14496-12:2012/DAM2. Different files have been tested (regular movie files, chapter files with nested cues, metadata files with XML, and some files with invalid syntax). Here are the basic operations:

Operation	Command line example	Notes
WebVTT Import	MP4Box -add file.vtt file.mp4	 Adds a track to the given file: Overlapping cues are split into non-overlapping cues and stored in samples Comments and in- between cues text are ignored (for now)
	<pre>MP4Box -add file.vtt:lang=en:layout=800x600x100x100 file.mp4</pre>	Sets the language and track layout information
	MP4Box -add file.vtt:delay=1000 file.mp4	Adds an edit list
	MP4Box -add file.vtt:dur=20 file.mp4	Import only a certain duration of the input file

SRT	MP4Box -add file.srt:FMT=VTT file.mp4	Forces the import of SRT
Import as		files to generate a WebVTT
WebVTT		track instead of a 3GPP
track		Timed Text track
WebVTT	MP4Box -raw <trackid> file.mp4</trackid>	Exports a WebVTT file
Export		where consecutive cues from
_		different samples and with the
		same id, settings and payload
		are merged
	MP4Box -raw <trackid>:vttnomerge</trackid>	Dump samples as-is w/o
	file.mp4	merge, and with empty
		samples
	MP4Box -raws <trackid>:<samplenumber></samplenumber></trackid>	Exports only one VII
T '1	IIIe.mp4	sample
File File	MP4Box -split-chunk start:end file.mp4	Split a track into 2 files
Editing	MD4Dov ast file1 mp4 ast file2 mp4	Conceptantian of tracks
	MP4Box -Cat IIIeI.mp4 -Cat IIIe2.mp4	Concatenation of tracks
	IIIeS.mp4	(second header is ignored)
DASH	MP4Box -frag 1000 file.mp4	
DIIGII	MP4Box -dash 1000 file.mp4	Fragments and segments the
		file and produces an MPD
		containing:
		<representation< th=""></representation<>
		id="1"
		mimeType="video/mp4"
		codecs=" <mark>wvtt</mark> "
		width="800"
		height="600"
		startWithSAP="1"
		bandwidth="1939">
RTP	MP4Box -hint file.mp4	Not working yet

The parsing of WebVTT files is meant to be conformant to the parsing algorithm as specified in the W3C specification, with the following refinements for carriage in ISOBMF:

- The WebVTT signature line <u>and</u> the lines gathered in the header loop of the parsing algorithm are <u>both</u> stored in the configuration string of the PlainTextSampleEntry.
- It is not clear from the standard if U+000D CARRIAGE RETURN U+000A LINE FEED (CRLF) pairs and single U+000D CARRIAGE RETURN characters should be replaced by U+000A LINE FEED characters or not before storage. Additionally, in both cases, it is not clear if the CueIDBox, the CueSettingsBox and the CuePayloadBox should contain the trailing LF caracters. In the current implementation, MP4Box:
 - Does <u>not</u> replace U+0000 NULL characters by U+FFFD REPLACEMENT CHARACTERS, NULL characters are not handled;
 - Does <u>not</u> replace CRLF or CR by LF; and
 - Does <u>not</u> store trailing CRLF characters in CueIDBox and CueSettingsBox boxes. The leading space separating the timings from the settings is not stored either in the CueSettings box.

• <u>Does</u> keep and store a trailing LF at end of the signature line and at the end of each header and cue payload lines.

Boxes such as CueSourceIDBox, CueLocalIDBox, CueEndTimeBox, CueStartTimeBox are not supported, as they are not needed.

The CueTimeBox is supported in reading/writing but not generated during parsing nor exploited during export, yet.

5 Generic formatting tools for testing new tracks types and sample formats

MP4Box has featured since its early days the ability to import unknown media formats through the NHML XML description. The NHML language has been extended to add custom data for both STSD extension and sample format. This means that it is possible to construct STSD and sample formats for new media types through a simple description. The following example shows how font data stream (cf contribution m29226) have been tested in GPAC.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<NHNTStream version="1.0" timeScale="1000" trackID="1" mediaType="fdsm" mediaSubType="fnt1">
<DecoderSpecificInfo>
<BS id="size" bits="32" value="24"/> <!-- box size is 4+4+3+strlen(TriodPostnaja)-->
<BS id="type" fcc="fntC"/>
<BS id="fontFormat" bits="7" value="1"/>
<Bs id="storeFont" bits="1" value="0"/>
<Bs id="fontName" bits="8" text="TriodPostnaja"/>
<BS id="fontSubsetID" bits="7" value="1"/>
<BS id="reserved" bits="1" value="1"/>
</DecoderSpecificInfo>
<NHNTSample DTS="0" isRAP="yes">
<BS id="fontFormat" bits="7" value="1"/>
<BS id="storeFont" bits="1" value="0"/>
<BS id="fontName" bits="8" text="TriodPostnaja"/>
<BS id="fontSubsetID" bits="7" value="2"/>
<BS id="fontSubsetExtensionFlag" bits="1" value="1"/>
<BS id="fontSpecInfoLength" bits="8" value="0"/>
<BS id="fontData" mediaFile="TriodPostnaja subsets/TriodPostnaja CyrillicCaps.ttf" />
</NHNTSample>
```

</NHNTStream>

For the current time, box size has to be precomputed, but a future version will include new type to describe boxes.

References

- [1] GPAC, http://gpac.sourceforge.net
- [2] 4Ever Project, <u>http://www.4ever-project.com/</u>
- [3] OpenHEVC, https://github.com/OpenHEVC/openHEVC
- [4] OptiSat2 Project, http://www.optisat2.com/
- [5] OpenSVCDecoder Project, http://sourceforge.net/projects/opensvcdecoder/